Preparing for and Recovering from Hurricanes and Tropical Storms



Preparing for Hurricanes and Tropical Storms

Excerpted from www.ready.gov

- Know where to go. If you are ordered to evacuate, know the local hurricane evacuation route(s) to take and have a plan for where you can stay. Contact your local emergency management agency.
- Put together a disaster supply kit, including a flashlight, batteries, cash, first aid supplies, and copies of your critical information if you need to evacuate.
- If you are not in an area that is advised to evacuate and you
 decide to stay in your home, plan for adequate supplies in case
 you lose power and water for several days and you are not able
 to leave due to flooding.
- Make a family emergency communication plan by visiting https://www.ready.gov/make-a-plan. Share it, have everyone keep a copy, and post on your refrigerator. Practice your plan.

After a Hurricane or Tropical Storm

- Listen to local officials for updates and instructions.
- Check-in with family and friends by texting or using social media.
- Return home only when authorities indicate it is safe.
- Watch out for debris and downed power lines.
- Avoid walking or driving through flood waters. Just 6 inches of moving water can knock you down, and fast-moving water can sweep your vehicle away.
- Avoid flood water as it may be electrically charged from underground or downed power lines and may hide dangerous debris or places where the ground is washed away.
- Photograph the damage to your property in order to assist in filing an insurance claim.
- Do what you can to prevent further damage to your property, (e.g., putting a tarp on a damaged roof), as insurance may not cover additional damage that occurs after the storm.

After the Flood: The First Steps

Excerpted from Federal Emergency Management Agency.

Your home has been flooded. Although floodwaters may be down in some areas, many dangers still exist. Here are some things to remember in the days ahead.

- Roads may still be closed because they have been damaged or are covered by water. Barricades have been placed for your protection. If you come upon a barricade or a flooded road, go another way.
- Keep listening to the radio for news about what to do, where to go, or places to avoid.
- Emergency workers will be assisting people in flooded areas. You can help them by staying off the roads and out of the way.
- If you must walk or drive in areas that have been flooded:
 - Stay on firm ground. Moving water only 6 inches deep can sweep you off your feet. Standing water may be electrically charged from underground or downed power lines.
 - Flooding may have caused familiar places to change. Floodwaters often erode roads and walkways. Flood debris may hide animals and broken bottles, and it's also slippery. Avoid walking or driving through it.
- Play it safe. Additional flooding or flash floods can occur. Listen for local warnings and information. If your car stalls in rapidly rising waters, get out immediately and climb to higher ground.

Additional Resources:

FEMA (Information about Federal Assistance) – http://www.fema.gov

American Red Cross – http://www.redcross.org/

CDC (Emergency Preparedness) – http://emergency.cdc.gov/

Ready.gov (Preparation and Recovery) – https://www.ready.gov/hurricanes